

SAFETY DATA SHEET WL-210 WASH

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name WL-210 WASH

Product number WL-210

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Printing Ink Related Material.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Domino UK Ltd

Bar Hill Cambridge CB23 8TU

Tel: +44 (0) 1954 782551 Fax: +44 (0) 1954 782874 Email: sds@domino-uk.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone For emergencies call +44 (0)207 858 0111 (24 Hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label information EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains butanone, Methyl isobutyl ketone

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water or shower.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

Endocrine disrupting substances This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors over 0.1%

PBT and vPvB The product does not contain any substance(s) classified as PBT or vPvB above the threshold of

declaration

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

 butanone
 90-100%

 CAS number: 78-93-3
 EC number: 201-159-0

Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Methyl isobutyl ketone 0.9-5.0%

CAS number: 108-10-1 EC number: 203-550-1

Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm

and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure

breathing can take place.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting

unless under the direction of medical personnel. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at

rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

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Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Rinse immediately with plenty of water.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists after

washing.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will

vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, discrientation, vertigo.

Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled,

resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours

may form explosive mixtures with air. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to

excessive pressure build-up. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or

vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for

firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary

and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. No smoking, sparks, flames or other

sources of ignition near spillage.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Use appropriate containment

to avoid environmental contamination.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See

Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Flammable/combustible materials. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary

measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools.

Advice on general occupational

hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the

original container. Keep containers upright. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

butanone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 600 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm 899 mg/m³ Sk, BMGV

Methyl isobutyl ketone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 208 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 416 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin. BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value.

butanone (CAS: 78-93-3)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 600 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1161 mg/kg

PNEC - Fresh water; 55.8 mg/l

- marine water; 55.8 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 284.7 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 284.7 mg/kg

- Soil; 22.5 mg/kg

Methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS: 108-10-1)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 83 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 208 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 83 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 208 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11.8 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.6 mg/l

- marine water; 0.06 mg/l

- STP; 27.5 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 8.27 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 0.83 mg/kg

- Soil; 1.3 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits.

Eye/face protection

Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Frequent changes are recommended. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Laminate of polyethylene and ethylene vinyl alcohol (PE/EVOH). The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 8 hours. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 0.75 hours. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves.

Other skin and body protection

Wear anti-static protective clothing if there is a risk of ignition from static electricity. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contamination.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection

If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Colourless.
Odour Ketonic.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH Not applicable.

Melting point -86°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

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Initial boiling point and range ~79.6°C @ 1013 hPa Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

Flash point ~ -6°C Closed cup.

Not available. Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 1.8 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 11.5 % Information given is

applicable to the major ingredient.

105 hPa @ 20°C 126 hPa @ 25°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. Vapour pressure

Vapour density > 1

~ 0.8 Relative density

Solubility(ies) 270 g/l water @ 20°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. Soluble in the following

materials: Organic solvents.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.3 Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

Auto-ignition temperature 404°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity 0.92 cP @ 25°C

Not considered to be explosive. Explosive properties

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 100 %. This product contains a maximum VOC content

of 0.80 kg/l.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See Section 10.3 (Possibility of hazardous reactions) for further information.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed

storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated,

due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not

pressurise, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Oxidising materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon

monoxide (CO).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅o) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 386.67

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Carc. 2 - H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to

humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information Known or suspected carcinogen for humans. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent

on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central

nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.

Ingestion No specific symptoms known.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Central nervous system

Endocrine disrupting substances This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors over 0.1%

Toxicological information on ingredients.

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Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Methyl isobutyl ketone

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

2,080.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 2,080.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50

vapours mg/l)

Species

Rat

11.6

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) REACH dossier information. LC₅₀ > 2000 - < 4000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 11.6

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous

effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients.

butanone

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish REACH dossier information.

LC₅o, 96 hours: 2993 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic REACH dossier information.

invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 308 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants REACH dossier information.

EC50, 72 hours: 1972 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Methyl isobutyl ketone

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish REACH dossier information.

LC₅₀, 96 hours: > 179 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic REACH dossier information.

invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: > 200 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants REACH dossier information.

EC₅₀, 7 days: > 146 mg/l, Freshwater plants

Chronic aquatic toxicity

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Chronic toxicity - aquatic

REACH dossier information.

invertebrates

NOEC, 21 days: 78 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available on bioaccumulation. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.3 Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

Ecological information on ingredients.

butanone

Partition coefficient

log Pow: 0.3

Methyl isobutyl ketone

Partition coefficient

Pow: 79 log Pow: 1.9

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The product does not contain any substance(s) classified as PBT or vPvB above the threshold of

declaration

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

None known

Endocrine disrupting substances

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors over 0.1%

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out.

Disposal methods

Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Only store in correctly

labelled containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1210 UN No. (IMDG) 1210 UN No. (ICAO) 1210 UN No. (ADN) 1210

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL Proper shipping name (IMDG) PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL Proper shipping name (ICAO) PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL Proper shipping name (ADN)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

ADR/RID classification code F1

ADR/RID label 3

IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

ADN class 3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II
IMDG packing group II
ADN packing group II

ICAO packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-D

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code •3YE

Hazard Identification Number 33

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not applicable.

the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI

2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

in the safety data sheet

d ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EC50: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. IATA: International Air Transport Association. Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level. NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

REACH: The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577.

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Key literature references and

sources for data

Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/ Supplier's information.

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 08/12/2022

Revision 3

Supersedes date 30/09/2022

SDS number 1262

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.